

## HW 9 (to be tested on May 27)

1. Prove that a vector field  $\vec{F}$  is differentiable at a point  $\vec{a}$  if and only if its component scalar fields are so. Moreover, prove that  $\nabla_{\vec{v}}\vec{F} = (\nabla_{\vec{v}}F_1, \dots)$ .
2. Find a constant  $c$  so that at any point of intersection of the two spheres,  $(x - c)^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 3$  and  $x^2 + (y - 1)^2 + z^2 = 1$ , the corresponding tangent planes will be perpendicular to each other.
3. Suppose  $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is a  $C^2$  function. Let  $x = r \cos(\theta)$ ,  $y = r \sin(\theta)$  where  $0 < r < \infty$ ,  $0 < \theta < 2\pi$ . Prove that  $\vec{g}(r, \theta) = (x, y)$  is a  $C^2$  function, that the composition  $h(r, \theta) = f(x(r, \theta), y(r, \theta))$  is  $C^2$ , and that  $f_{xx} + f_{yy} = f_{rr} + \frac{1}{r}f_r + \frac{1}{r^2}f_{\theta\theta}$ .
4. Let  $f(x, y) = \int_0^{\sqrt{xy}} e^{-t^2} dt$  for  $x > 0, y > 0$ . Prove that  $f$  is differentiable and compute  $f_x$  in terms of  $x, y$ .